ASB 462: Medical Anthropology

Remember to save file as your: LastnameFirstname_Module1PaperAssignment

Module 3: Paper Project Assignment: Three Additional Annotated Bibliography Entries (20 points)

Download, fill in, and turn in this form. Read through the instructions to the end before you get started. Be sure to *use complete sentences where indicated*, and maintain this document's 1-inch margins, single-spacing, and 11-12pt font.

Name:

Instructions:	Your work:
 (1) Write three additional annotated bibliography entries. Above each entry, list the article's full bibliographic citation. Important! Format your bibliographic citations in APA style. (See link and example below). 	Bibliographic Citation #4: Patel, S., Akhtar, A., Malins, S., Wright, N., Rowley, E., Young, E., Sampson, S., & Morriss, R. (2020). The acceptability and usability of digital health interventions for adults with depression, anxiety, and somatoform disorders: Qualitative systematic review and meta-synthesis. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 22(7), e16228.
 Use the <u>Cornell University</u> <u>Library annotated bibliography</u> <u>entries</u> as examples. (See link and example below). Each annotation is a concise summary of the article that includes the following: (a) evaluation of the author's background and authority, (b) comments on the intended audiences, (c) comparison or contrast of the work with another work in 	Annotated Bibliography Entry #4: Patel and colleagues, experts in mental health and digital health interventions, offer a comprehensive review of digital tools for managing depression, anxiety, and somatoform disorders. The intended audience includes healthcare professionals, researchers, and policymakers. Compared to another source in the bibliography that focuses on traditional therapy methods, this study highlights the evolving landscape of digital health. The review supports the research question by providing insights into digital interventions' effectiveness and user acceptability, emphasizing their growing role in mental health care.
your bibliography, and (d) explanation of the relationship of the cited work to your research question.	Bibliographic Citation #5: Gilbert, P. (2016). Depression: The evolution of powerlessness. Routledge. Annotated Bibliography Entry #5: Paul Gilbert, a renowned psychologist and founder of Compassion-Focused Therapy, explores the evolutionary basis of depression, focusing on feelings of

ASB 462: Medical Anthropology

Remember to save file as your: LastnameFirstname_Module1PaperAssignment

powerlessness. The intended audience includes mental health professionals, researchers, and students. Compared to Patel et al. (2020), which examines digital health interventions, Gilbert's work delves into the psychological and evolutionary underpinnings of depression. This book supports the research question by providing a foundational understanding of depression's origins and mechanisms, complementing the practical insights from digital health solutions by addressing underlying psychological factors.

Bibliographic Citation #6:

Hollon, S. D., Andrews, P. W., & Thomson Jr, J. A. (2021). Cognitive behavior therapy for depression from an evolutionary perspective. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 12, 667592.

Annotated Bibliography Entry #6:

Hollon, Andrews, and Thomson Jr., experts in psychology and psychiatry, examine Cognitive Behavior Therapy (CBT) for depression through an evolutionary lens. The intended audience includes clinicians, researchers, and mental health professionals. Compared to Gilbert (2016), which focuses on the evolutionary roots of depression, this article emphasizes therapeutic interventions. This source supports the research question by integrating evolutionary theory with practical CBT approaches, offering a comprehensive view that combines theoretical and clinical insights into treating depression.

Example of an annotated bibliography entry in the Cornell University Library Guide:

Waite, L., Goldschneider, F., & Witsberger, C. (1986). Nonfamily living and the erosion of traditional family orientations among young adults. *American Sociological Review, 51*, 541-554.

The authors, researchers at the Rand Corporation and Brown University, use data from the National Longitudinal Surveys of Young Women and Young Men to test their hypothesis that nonfamily living by young adults alters their attitudes, values, plans, and expectations, moving them away from their belief in traditional sex roles. They found their hypothesis strongly

ASB 462: Medical Anthropology

Remember to save file as your: LastnameFirstname_Module1PaperAssignment

supported in young females, while the effects were fewer in studies of young males. They are increasing the time away from parents before marrying increased individualism, self-sufficiency, and changes in attitudes about families. In contrast, an earlier study by Williams cited below shows no significant gender differences in sex role attitudes as a result of nonfamily living.

The above example is <u>licensed</u> under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International License</u>.

Research & Learning Services
Olin Library
Cornell University Library
Ithaca, NY, USA