# Liability and Legality of Healthcare & Leadership

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PHIL 210 5-1 DISCUSSION

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5-1 Discussion: Liability and Legality of Healthcare & Leadership

In the wake of COVID-19, healthcare's legal and ethical landscape has faced unprecedented challenges. This discussion explores these complexities by examining medical professionals' responsibilities, the impact of social media on public health information, and the role of public health directives.

## **Understanding Legal and Ethical Implications**

Medical professionals often share information they believe to be accurate, yet they must navigate the fine line between personal beliefs and evidence-based practice. The article from 2018 argues that medical professionals should be held legally liable for the information they share if it causes harm, even if they believe it to be true. This raises questions about fairness, especially when scientific knowledge is still evolving. Holding professionals accountable ensures the integrity of healthcare, but it must be balanced with the recognition that not all medical information is absolute. If the shared information lacks a solid evidence base, it can undermine public trust and lead to misinformation.

### Freedom of Speech vs. Public Health

Freedom of speech is a fundamental right in the US, but it must be weighed against the need to prevent misinformation, particularly in public health. Social media platforms like Facebook and Twitter play a critical role in this balance by removing false claims. Their actions, excluding former President Trump while allowing other controversial figures to remain, highlight the ethical responsibility to protect public health while maintaining equitable standards. These platforms must navigate the moral implications of their policies, ensuring they do not stifle legitimate discourse while curbing harmful misinformation.

Case Study Analysis: Dr. Judy Mikovits

Dr. Judy Mikovits, a controversial figure, has made claims contradicting established scientific consensus. Her actions, as documented in various sources, raise significant ethical concerns. Medical professionals must adhere to ethical standards prioritizing evidence-based information and public safety. Mikovits' dissemination of unproven theories undermines these principles and highlights the need for stringent ethical guidelines in healthcare communication.

### **Public Health Directives and Personal Rights**

Public health directives, such as mask mandates, often face resistance despite being similar to other accepted business policies like wearing shoes. This resistance stems from perceived infringements on personal rights. Analyzing why people comply with shoe mandates but resist masks reveals deeper societal values and misconceptions about individual freedoms. Compliance might improve if mask mandates were legally enforced, but the ethical debate around personal rights would persist.

#### **Conclusion**

This exploration of legal and ethical implications in healthcare underscores the importance of balancing professional responsibilities, freedom of speech, public health directives, and personal rights. Ethical decision-making and leadership are paramount in navigating these complex issues, ensuring that healthcare professionals and public health officials maintain public trust and safety.